

Introduction to model validation

MODEL VALIDATION IN PYTHON



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What is model validation?

Model validation consists of:

- Ensuring your model performs as expected on new data
- Testing model performance on holdout datasets
- Selecting the best model, parameters, and accuracy metrics
- Achieving the best accuracy for the data given

scikit-learn modeling review

Basic modeling steps:

```
model = RandomForestRegressor(n_estimators=500, random_state=1111)
model.fit(X=X_train, y=y_train)
```

```
RandomForestRegressor(bootstrap=True, criterion='mse', max_depth=None,
                      max_features='auto', max_leaf_nodes=None,
                      min_impurity_decrease=0.0, min_impurity_split=None,
                      min_samples_leaf=1, min_samples_split=2,
                      min_weight_fraction_leaf=0.0, n_estimators=500, n_jobs=1,
                      oob_score=False, random_state=1111, verbose=0, warm_start=False)
```

Modeling review continued

```
predictions = model.predict(X_test)  
print("{0:.2f}".format(mae(y_true=y_test, y_pred=predictions)))
```

10.84

Mean Absolute Error Formula

$$\frac{\sum_{i=1}^n |y_i - \hat{y}_i|}{n}$$

Review prerequisites

- **Intermediate Python**
- **Supervised Learning with scikit-learn**

How often did a fun-sized candy of a given type win its matchups against the rest of the field?

RK	CANDY	WIN PERCENTAGE	
1	Reese's Peanut Butter Cup	84.2%	
2	Reese's Miniatures	81.9	
3	Twix	81.6	
4	Kit Kat	76.8	
5	Snickers	76.7	

Seen vs. unseen data

Training data = seen data

```
model = RandomForestRegressor(n_estimators=500, random_state=1111)
model.fit(X_train, y_train)
train_predictions = model.predict(X_train)
```

Testing data = unseen data

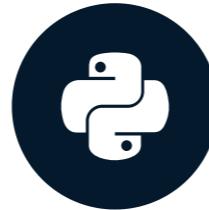
```
model = RandomForestRegressor(n_estimators=500, random_state=1111)
model.fit(X_train, y_train)
test_predictions = model.predict(X_test)
```

Let's begin!

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Regression models

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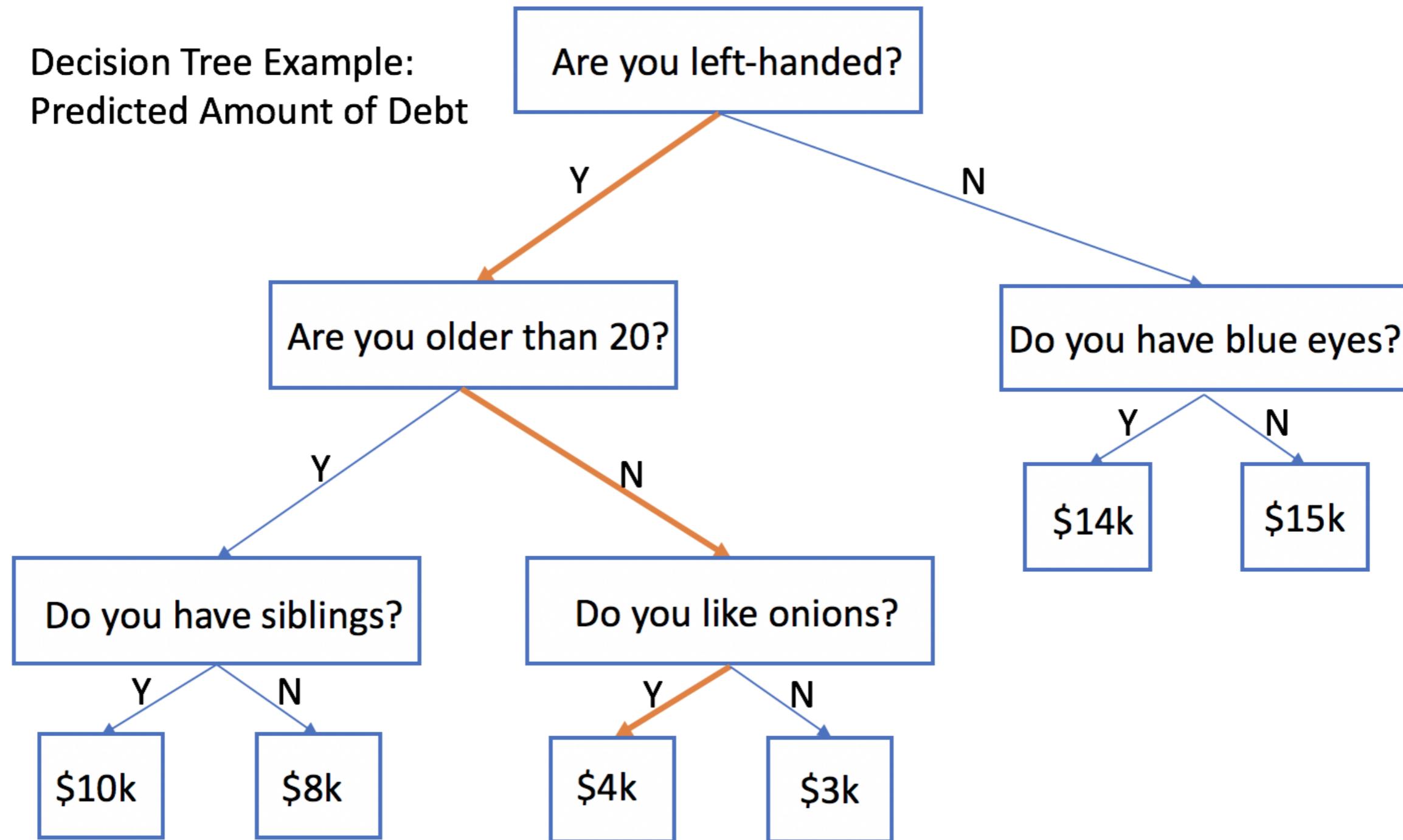
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Random forests in scikit-learn

```
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestRegressor  
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
```

```
rfr = RandomForestRegressor(random_state=1111)  
rfc = RandomForestClassifier(random_state=1111)
```

Decision Tree Example: Predicted Amount of Debt



Decision Tree #1: \$4k

Decision Tree #2: \$4k

Decision Tree #3: \$3k

Decision Tree #4: \$5k

Decision Tree #5: \$5k

$$(4 + 4 + 3 + 5 + 5) / 5 = 4.2$$

Random forest parameters

n_estimators : the number of trees in the forest

max_depth : the maximum depth of the trees

random_state : random seed

```
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestRegressor  
rfr = RandomForestRegressor(n_estimators=50, max_depth=10)
```

```
rfr = RandomForestRegressor(random_state=1111)  
rfr.n_estimators = 50  
rfr.max_depth = 10
```

Feature importance

Print how important each column is to the model

```
for i, item in enumerate(rfr.feature_importances_):  
    print("{0:s}: {1:.2f}".format(X.columns[i], item))
```

```
weight: 0.50  
height: 0.39  
left_handed: 0.72  
union_preference: 0.05  
eye_color: 0.03
```

Let's begin

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Classification models

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Classification models

- Categorical Responses:
 - Newborn's hair color
 - Winner of a basketball game
 - Genre of the next song on the radio

The Tic-Tac-Toe dataset

...	Bottom-Left	Bottom-Middle	Bottom-Right	Class
...	X	O	O	positive
...	O	X	O	positive
...	O	O	X	positive
...	X	X	O	negative
...

▼ Medium



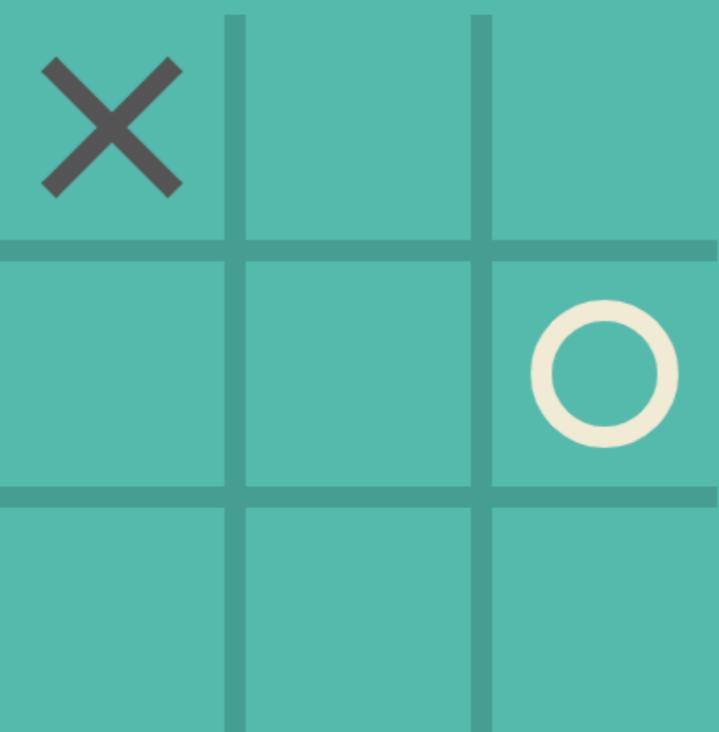
X

-

O

-

X Turn



RESTART GAME

Using .predict() for classification

```
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier  
rfc = RandomForestClassifier(random_state=1111)  
rfc.fit(X_train, y_train)  
rfc.predict(X_test)
```

```
array([1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, ...])
```

```
pd.Series(rfc.predict(X_test)).value_counts()
```

```
1    627  
0    331
```

Predicting probabilities

```
rfc.predict_proba(X_test)
```

```
array([[0. , 1. ],
       [0.1, 0.9],
       [0.1, 0.9],
       ...])
```

```
rfc = RandomForestClassifier(random_state=1111)  
rfc.get_params()
```

```
{'bootstrap': True,  
'class_weight': None,  
'criterion': 'gini',  
...}
```

```
rfc.fit(X_train, y_train)  
rfc.score(X_test, y_test)
```

0.8989

Let's classify Tic-Tac-Toe end-game scenarios

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